

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

<b>Part No.:</b>	<b>AC-XF-3G10-10</b>	
<b>Description:</b>	10G XFP Transceiver, SMF 1310nm 10km	
<b>Release Date</b>	<b>Rev.</b>	<b>Revision Change Description</b>
<b>2016/07/16</b>	<b>A0</b>	New Release
<b>2020/12/28</b>	<b>A1</b>	Template Update

## Features

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- ◇ Supports 9.95Gbps to 11.3Gbps bit rates
- ◇ XFI Loopback Mode
- ◇ Power dissipation <2.0W
- ◇ DFB laser and PIN receiver
- ◇ Single +3.3V power supply
- ◇ Hot-pluggable XFP footprint
- ◇ Maximum link length of 10km
- ◇ No Reference Clock required
- ◇ RoHS Compliant
- ◇ Full Duplex LC connector
- ◇ Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- ◇ Standard bail release mechanism
- ◇ Standard: 0 to +70°C
- ◇ Industrial: -40 to +85°C

## Application

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- ◇ 10GBASE-LR/LW 10G Ethernet
- ◇ 10G Fiber Channel
- ◇ SONET OC-192 SR-1 SDH STM I-64.1

## Standard

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- ◇ Compliant with XFP MSA
- ◇ Compliant with SFF-8472
- ◇ Compatible with IEEE802.3ae

## Specification:

Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Storage temperature	TS	-40	85	°C
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	+4	V
Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Standard	0		+70	°C
	Industrial	-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.30	3.47	V
Power Supply Current	Icc			450	mA
Data Rate			10.3	11.3	Gbps
Fiber Length 9/125μm core SMF		-	10	-	km

Electrical Characteristics						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter differential input voltage		120		820	mV	
Receiver differential output Voltage		340	650	850	mV	
Input differential impedance	R		100		Ω	
Transmit Disable Assert Time			10		us	
Data output rise time	tr			38	ps	
Data output fall time	tf			38	ps	
Transmit Fault (TX_Fault)	Voh	2		Vcc	V	LVTTTL
	Vol	0		0.8	V	LVTTTL
Loss of Signal (LOS)	Voh	Vcc-0.5		Vcc	V	LVTTTL
	Vol	0		0.5	V	LVTTTL
TX Disable	Vih	2		Vcc	V	LVTTTL
	Vil	0		0.8	V	LVTTTL

Optical transmitter Characteristics						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Launched Power (avg.)	Pout	-6		0.5	dBm	
Operating Wavelength Range	λc	1290	1310	1330	nm	

Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	2	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-130	dB/Hz		
Average Launch power of transmitter	P <sub>OFF</sub>			-30	dBm		
Side mode Suppression ratio	SMSR		30		PS	3	
Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty	TDP			3.2	dBm		
Output Eye Diagram	Complies with IEEE802.3z eye masks when filtered						
Optical receiver Characteristics							
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Receiver Sensitivity		S			-15	dBm	4
Wavelength Range		$\lambda_c$	1270		1610	nm	
Optical Power Input Overload		P <sub>in-max</sub>	+0.5			dBm	4
Receiver Reflectance		R			-14	dB	
LOS	Optical De-assert	P <sub>d</sub>			-18	dBm	4
	Optical Assert	P <sub>a</sub>	-32				
LOS hysteresis			0.5			dB	5

**Notes:**

- 1) The supply current is XFP module's working current.
- 2) For the measurements, the device was driven with 10Gbps data pattern with 2<sup>31</sup>-1 PRBS payload.
- 3) Optical transition time is the time interval required for the rising or falling edge of an optical pulse to transition between the 20% and 80% amplitudes relative to the logical 1 and 0 levels
- 4) Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>31</sup>-1 test pattern, @10Gbps, ER=3.5dB, BER<10<sup>-12</sup>
- 5) The LOS Hysteresis minimizes 'chatter' on the output line. In principle, Hysteresis alone does not guarantee chatter-free operation.

## Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

As defined by the XFP MSA, LONTE XFP transceivers provide digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface, which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

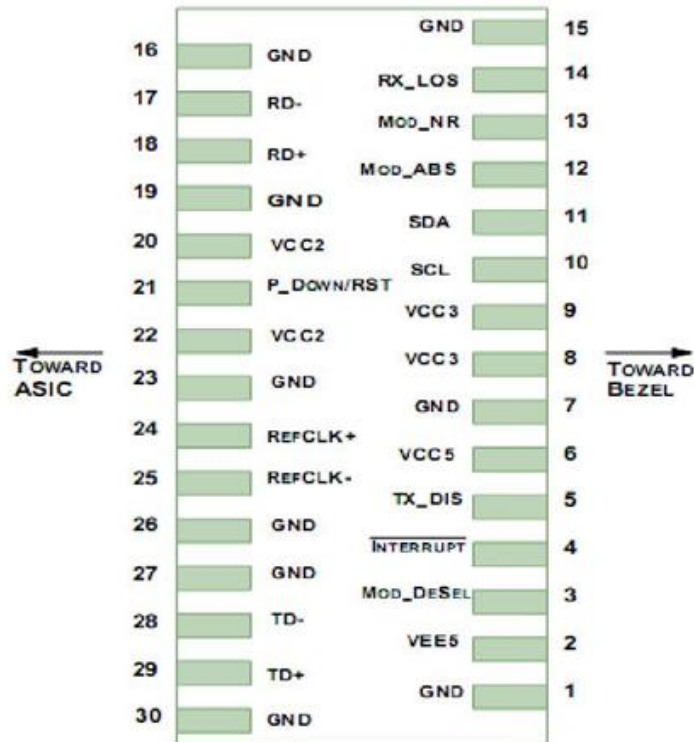
- Transceiver temperature
- Laser bias current
- Transmitted optical power
- Received optical power
- Transceiver supply voltage

It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the XFP transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the XFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories

are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The 2-wire serial interface provides sequential or random access to the 8 bit parameters, addressed from 000h to the maximum address of the memory.

## Pin Descriptions



## Pin Assignment

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	GND	Module Ground		1
2	VEE5	Optional -5.2 Power Supply – Not required		
3	Mod-Desel	Module De-select; When held low allows the module to respond to 2-wire serial interface commands	LVTTTL-I	
4	Interrupt	Interrupt (bar); Indicates presence of an important condition which can be read over the serial 2-wire interface	LVTTTL-O	2
5	TX_DIS	Transmitter Disable; Transmitter laser source turned off	LVTTTL-I	
6	VCC5	+5 Power Supply		
7	GND	Module Ground		1
8	VCC3	+3.3V Power Supply		
9	VCC3	+3.3V Power Supply		
10	SCL	Serial 2-wire interface clock	LVTTTL-I	2
11	SDA	Serial 2-wire interface data line	LVTTTL-I/O	2
12	Mod_Abs	Module Absent; Indicates module is not present. Grounded in the module.	LVTTTL-I	2
13	Mod_NR	Module Not Ready; XGIGA defines it as a logical OR between RX_LOS and	LVTTTL-I	2

		Loss of Lock in TX/RX.		
14	RX_LOS	Receiver Loss of Signal indicator	LVTTTL-I	2
15	GND	Module Ground		1
16	GND	Module Ground		1
17	RD-	Receiver inverted data output	CML-O	
18	RD+	Receiver non-inverted data output	CML-O	
19	GND	Module Ground		1
20	VCC2	+1.8V Power Supply – Not required		
21	P_Down/RST	Power Down; When high, places the module in the low power stand-by mode and on the falling edge of P_Down initiates a module reset Reset; The falling edge initiates a complete reset of the module including the 2-wire serial interface, equivalent to a power cycle.	LVTTTL-I	
22	VCC2	+1.8V Power Supply – Not required		
23	GND	Module Ground		1
24	RefCLK+	Reference Clock non-inverted input, AC coupled on the host board – Not required	PECL-I	3
25	RefCLK-	Reference Clock inverted input, AC coupled on the host board – Not required	PECL-I	3
26	GND	Module Ground		1
27	GND	Module Ground		1
28	TD-	Transmitter inverted data input	CML-I	
29	TD+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	CML-I	
30	GND	Module Ground		1

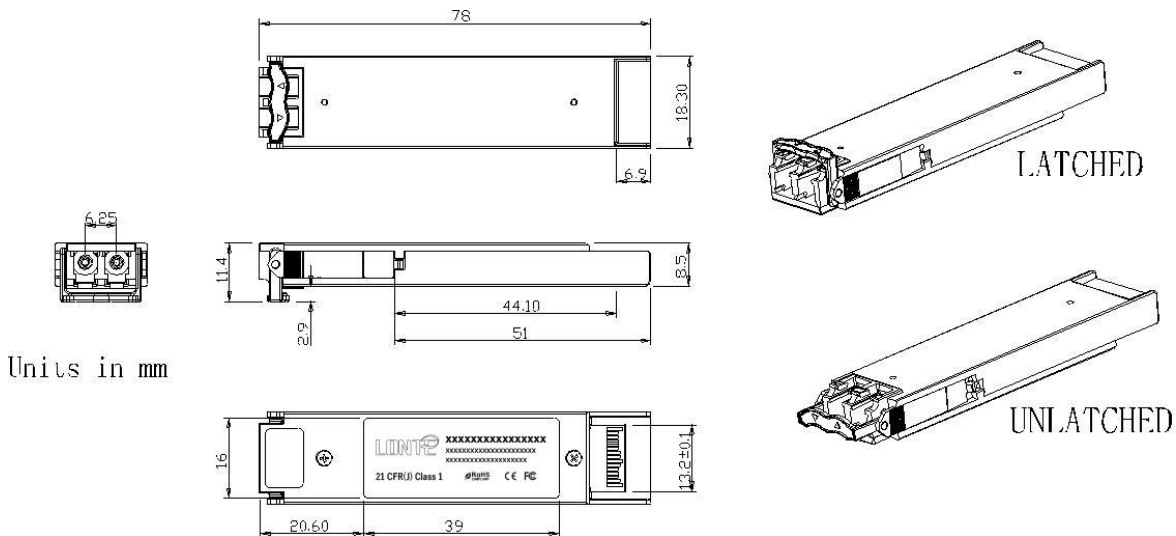
**Notes:**

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
- 2) Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.
- 3) A Reference Clock input is not required by the AC-XF-3G10-10. If present, it will be ignored.

**Package Outline**

Dimensions are in millimeters. All dimensions are  $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$  unless otherwise specified. (Unit: mm)



## Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Test	Method
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins	MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7	Class 1 (>1.5kV) – Human Body Model
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Immunity	IEC61000-4-2	Class 2(>4.0kV)
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	CISPR22 ITE Class B FCC Class B CENELEC EN55022 VCCI Class 1	Comply with standard
Immunity	IEC61000-4-3	Comply with standard
Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN (IEC) 60825-1,2	Compatible with Class I laser Product

## Ordering information

Part. No	Specifications								
	Pack	Rate (Gbps)	Tx (nm)	Po (dBm)	RX	Sen (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Reach (km)	DDM
AC-XF-3G10-10	XFP	10.3125	1310	-6~0.5	PIN	<-15	0~70	10	Y
AC-XF-3G10-10F	XFP	10.3125	1310	-6~0.5	PIN	<-15	-40~85	10	Y